

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST STAFF

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1. Allegations that may meet the harms threshold.

This section is based on 'Section 1: Allegations that may meet the harms threshold' of Keeping Children Safe in Education, Part four: Safeguarding concerns or allegations made about staff, including supply teachers, volunteers and contractors.

This section applies to all cases in where an allegation is raised that a current member of staff, including a supply teacher, volunteer or contractor, has:

- Behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child, and/or
- · Possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child, and/or
- Behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates they may pose a risk of harm to children, and/or
- Behaved or may have behaved in a way that indicates they may not be suitable to work with children this includes behaviour taking place both inside and outside of school.

If we are in any doubt as to whether a concern meets the harm threshold, we will consult our Regional Head of Schools (RHoS).

We will deal with any allegation of abuse quickly, in a fair and consistent way that provides effective child protection while also supporting the individual who is the subject of the allegation.

A 'case manager' will lead any investigation. This will be the Principal, or the RHoS where the Principal is the subject of the allegation. The case manager will be identified at the earliest opportunity.

Our procedures for dealing with allegations will be applied with common sense and judgement.

If we receive an allegation of an incident happening while an individual or organisation was using the school premises to run activities for children, we will follow our safeguarding policies and procedures and inform our RHoS.

1.2 Suspension of the accused until the case is resolved.

Suspension of the accused should **not** be the default position but **must** be considered in cases where there is reason to suspect that a child or other children is/are at risk of harm, or the case is so serious that there might be grounds for dismissal.

Decisions around suspension and initial steps must be taken by a collective group of leaders, which should involve the School Principal, Designated Safeguarding Lead, and Regional Head of Schools as a minimum. The Regional Head of Schools will advise and consult with the Group Head of HR to understand and agree any employment implications. In such cases, we will only suspend an individual if we have considered all other options available and there is no reasonable alternative.

It is important to ensure reference that Suspension is precautionary suspension and must maintain rate of pay and all benefits during any period an employee is suspended. We should also include that the individual must be advised that suspension is for child safeguarding reasons whilst investigation is ongoing and does not mean it has been decided they have done anything wrong. They must be advised no prejudgments or decisions have been, or will be made, until the investigation has concluded.

Based on an assessment of risk, we will consider alternatives such as:



- Temporary Redeployment within the school so that the individual does not have direct contact with the child or children concerned whilst the investigation is ongoing.
- Providing an assistant to be present when the individual has contact with children.
- Temporarily redeploying the individual to alternative work in the school so that they do not have unsupervised access to children.
- Moving the child or children to classes where they will not encounter the individual, making it clear that this is not a punishment, and parents/carers have been consulted.
- Temporarily redeploying the individual to another role in a different location, for example to an alternative school or other work for the Group.

2. Procedure for dealing with allegations.

In the event of an allegation that meets the criteria above, the case manager will take the following steps:

- Conduct basic enquiries in line with procedures to establish the facts to help determine whether there is any foundation to the allegation before carrying on with the steps below.
- Discuss the allegation with the RHoS. This is to consider the nature, content and context of the allegation and agree a course of action, including whether further enquiries are necessary to enable a decision on how to proceed, and whether it is necessary to involve the police and/or children's social care services.
- Inform the accused individual of the concerns or allegations and likely course of action as soon as possible after speaking to the RHoS.
- Where appropriate (in the circumstances described above), carefully consider whether suspension of the individual from contact with children at the school is justified or whether alternative arrangements such as those outlined above can be put in place. Advice will be sought from the RHoS and agreed **prior** to any action being taken.
- Where the case manager is concerned about the welfare of other children in the community or the individual's family, they will discuss these concerns with the DSL and make a risk assessment of the situation. If necessary, the DSL may make a referral to children's social care.
- If immediate suspension is considered necessary, agree and record the rationale for this with the Principal/ RHoS/ Group Head of HR. The record will include information about the alternatives to suspension that have been considered, and why they were rejected. Written confirmation of the suspension will be provided to the individual facing the allegation or concern within 1 working day, and the individual will be given a named contact at the school and their contact details.
- If it is decided that no further action is to be taken in regard to the subject of the allegation or concern, record this decision and the justification for it and agree with the Principal (in consultation with the RHoS) what information should be put in writing to the individual and by whom, as well as what action should follow both in respect of the individual and those who made the initial allegation.



- If it is decided that further action is needed, take steps as agreed with the Principal (in consultation
 with the RHoS) to initiate the appropriate action in school and/or liaise with the police and/or
 children's social care services as appropriate.
- Provide effective support for the individual facing the allegation or concern, including appointing
 a named representative to keep them informed of the progress of the case and considering what
 other support is appropriate, as for example trade union representatives, or a colleague, for
 example and any school/Group arrangements for welfare counselling or medical advice.
- Inform the parents or carers of the child/children involved about the allegation as soon as possible if they do not already know the case manager will also inform the parents or carers of the requirement to maintain confidentiality about any allegations made against teachers (where this applies) while investigations are ongoing. Any parent or carer who wishes to have the confidentiality restrictions removed in respect of a teacher will be advised to seek legal advice.
- Keep the parents or carers of the child/children involved informed of the progress of the case (only in relation to their child no information will be shared regarding the staff member)
- Make a referral to the RHoS where it is thought that the individual facing the allegation or concern has engaged in conduct that harmed or is likely to harm a child, or if the individual otherwise poses a risk of harm to a child.

2.1 Additional considerations for supply teachers and all contracted staff

If there are concerns or an allegation is made against someone not directly employed by the school, such as a supply teacher or contracted staff member provided by an agency, we will take the actions below in addition to our standard procedures.

- We will not decide to stop using an individual due to safeguarding concerns without finding out the facts and liaising with our RHoS to determine a suitable outcome.
- . The RHoS/ School Board will discuss with the agency whether it is appropriate to suspend the individual, or redeploy them to another part of the school, while the school carries out the investigation.
- We will address issues such as information sharing, to ensure any previous concerns or allegations known to the agency are considered (we will do this, for example, as part of the allegations management meeting or by liaising directly with the agency where necessary)

When using an agency, we will inform them of our process for managing allegations, and keep them updated about our policies as necessary, and will invite the agency's HR manager or equivalent to meetings as appropriate.

2.2 Definitions for outcomes of allegation investigations

- . Substantiated: there is sufficient evidence to prove the allegation
- Malicious: there is sufficient evidence to disprove the allegation and there has been a deliberate act to deceive, or to cause harm to the subject of the allegation
- False: there is sufficient evidence to disprove the allegation



- **Unsubstantiated:** there is insufficient evidence to either prove or disprove the allegation (this does not imply guilt or innocence)
- **Unfounded**: to reflect cases where there is no evidence or proper basis which supports the allegation being made.

2.3 Timescales

We will deal with all allegations as quickly and effectively as possible and will endeavour to comply with the following timescales, where reasonably practicable:

- Any cases where it is clear immediately that the allegation is unsubstantiated or malicious should be resolved within one week.
- If the nature of an allegation does not require formal disciplinary action, appropriate action should be taken within three working days.
- If a disciplinary hearing is required and can be held without further investigation, this should be held within 15 working days.

However, these are objectives only and may not be possible due to the circumstances and complexities of the case. Where they are not met, we will endeavour to take the required action as soon as possible thereafter.

2.4 Specific actions

Action following a criminal investigation or prosecution.

The case manager will discuss with the relevant body whether any further action, including disciplinary action, is now permissible and if so, how to proceed, considering information provided by the police and/or children's services.

Conclusion of a case where the allegation is substantiated.

Where the initial investigation determines that the allegation may be substantiated in whole or in part, disciplinary proceedings should be initiated against the relevant staff member without delay.

The school will follow their usual disciplinary procedures in this regard, taking care to ensure that the appropriate process is followed in line with policy.

If the allegation is substantiated and the individual is dismissed or the school ceases to use their services, or the individual resigns or otherwise ceases to provide their services, the school will make a referral to the disclosure and barring service, ICPC, local police or authorities as appropriate and necessary.

If the individual concerned is a member of teaching staff, the school will consider whether to refer the matter to the Teaching Regulation Agency or appropriate local authority to consider prohibiting the individual from teaching.

Individuals returning to work after suspension.



If it is decided on the conclusion of a case that an individual who has been suspended can return to work, the case manager will consider how best to facilitate this.

The case manager will also consider how best to manage the individual's contact with the child or children who made the allegation if they are still attending the school.

• Unsubstantiated, unfounded, false or malicious reports

If a report is:

- Determined to be unsubstantiated, unfounded, false or malicious, the DSL will consider the appropriate next steps. If they consider that the child and/or person who made the allegation needs help, or the allegation may have been a cry for help, a referral to an external agency may be appropriate.
- Shown to be deliberately invented, or malicious, the school will consider whether any disciplinary action is appropriate against the individual(s) who made it.
 - Unsubstantiated, unfounded, false or malicious allegations

If an allegation is:

- Determined to be unsubstantiated, unfounded, false or malicious, the Principal in collaboration
 with the RHoS and case manager will consider the appropriate next steps. If they consider that the
 child and/or person who made the allegation needs help, or the allegation may have been a cry for
 help, a referral to an external agency may be appropriate.
- Shown to be deliberately invented, or malicious, the school will consider whether any disciplinary action is appropriate against the individual(s) who made it.

3. Confidentiality and information sharing

The school will make every effort to maintain confidentiality and guard against unwanted publicity while an allegation is being investigated or considered.

The case manager will take advice from the Principal, RHoS, any relevant external bodies as appropriate, to agree:

- Who needs to know about the allegation and what information can be shared
- How to manage speculation, leaks and gossip, including how to make parents or carers of a child/children involved aware of their obligations with respect to confidentiality.
- What, if any, information can be reasonably given to the wider community to reduce speculation
- How to manage press interest if, and when, it arises

3.1 Record-keeping

The case manager will maintain clear records about any case where the allegation or concern meets the criteria above and store them on the individual's confidential personnel file for the duration of the case.

The records of any allegation that, following an investigation, is found to be malicious or false will be deleted from the individual's personnel file (unless the individual consents for the records to be retained on the file).



For all other allegations (which are not found to be malicious or false), the following information will be kept on the file of the individual concerned:

- A clear and comprehensive summary of the allegation
- Details of how the allegation was followed up and resolved.
- Notes of any action taken, decisions reached and the outcome.
- A declaration on whether the information will be referred to in any future reference.

In these cases, the school will provide a copy to the individual, in agreement with the RHoS/ Group Head of HR, and external bodies as necessary and appropriate.

We will retain all records at least until the accused individual has reached normal pension age, or for 10 years from the date of the allegation if that is longer.

3.2 References

When providing employer references, we will:

- Not refer to any allegation that has been found to be false, unfounded, unsubstantiated or malicious, or any repeated allegations which have all been found to be false, unfounded, unsubstantiated or malicious.
- Include substantiated allegations, provided that the information is factual and does not include opinions.

3.3 Learning lessons

After any cases where the allegations are *substantiated*, the case manager will review the circumstances of the case with the Principal and RHoS to determine whether there are any improvements that we can make to the school's procedures or practice to help prevent similar events in the future.

This will include consideration of (as applicable):

- Issues arising from the decision to suspend the member of staff.
- The duration of the suspension
- Whether or not the suspension was justified
- The use of suspension when the individual is subsequently reinstated. We will consider how future investigations of a similar nature could be carried out without suspending the individual. For all other cases, the case manager will consider the facts and determine whether any improvements can be made.

4. Non-recent allegations



Abuse can be reported, no matter how long ago it happened.

We will report any non-recent allegations made by a child to the RHoS in line with our procedures for dealing with non-recent allegations.

Where an adult makes an allegation to the school that they were abused as a child, we will advise the individual to report the allegation to the police.

4.1 Section 2: concerns that do not meet the harm threshold.

The section is based on 'Section 2: Concerns that do not meet the harm threshold' in Keeping Children Safe in Education Part four: Safeguarding concerns or allegations made about staff, including supply teachers, volunteers and contractors.

This section applies to all concerns (including allegations) about members of staff, including supply teachers, volunteers and contractors, which do not meet the harm threshold set out in section 1 above.

Concerns may arise through, for example:

- Suspicion
- . Complaint
- · Safeguarding concern or allegation from another member of staff
- Disclosure made by a child, parent or other adult within or outside the school.
- Pre-employment vetting checks

We recognise the importance of responding to and dealing with any concerns in a timely manner to safeguard the welfare of children.

5. Definition of low-level concerns

The term 'low-level' concern is any concern – no mattez ever how small – that an adult working in or on behalf of the school may have acted in a way that:

- Is inconsistent with the staff code of conduct, including inappropriate conduct outside of work,
 and
- Does not meet the allegations threshold or is otherwise not considered serious enough to consider a referral to an external authority, such as the RRHH department at school or in the company.

Examples of such behaviour could include, but are not limited to:

- . Being overly friendly with children
- Having favourites
- . Taking photographs of children on their mobile phone
- Engaging with a child on a one-to-one basis in a secluded area or behind a closed door
- Humiliating students



5.1 Sharing low-level concerns

We recognise the importance of creating a culture of openness, trust and transparency to encourage all staff to confidentially share low-level concerns so that they can be addressed appropriately.

We will create this culture by:

- Ensuring staff are clear about what appropriate behaviour is and are confident in distinguishing expected and appropriate behaviour from concerning, problematic or inappropriate behaviour, in themselves and others.
- Empowering staff to share any low-level concerns as per section 7.7 of this policy and convenio.
- . Empowering staff to self-refer.
- Addressing unprofessional behaviour and supporting the individual to correct it at an early stage.
- Providing a responsive, sensitive and proportionate handling of such concerns when they are raised.
- Helping to identify any weakness in the school's safeguarding system.

It is essential that staff are well-informed about expectations, how to address concerns, and, most importantly, that they understand the accessibility of the HR department and the Principal for sharing low-level concerns. Additionally, staff should be reassured about the confidentiality of the process to foster trust and openness.

5.2 Responding to low-level concerns

If the concern is raised via a third party, the Principal will collect evidence where necessary by speaking:

- Directly to the person who raised the concern unless it has been raised anonymously.
- . To the individual involved and any witnesses

The Principal will use the information collected to categorise the type of behaviour and determine any further action, in line with the school's staff behaviour policy/code of conduct. The Principal will be the ultimate decision-maker in respect of all low-level concerns, though they may wish to collaborate with the DSL and RHoS.

In line with **Keeping Children Safe in Education**, we also adhere to the guidelines set out in the report *Developing and Implementing a Low-Level Concerns Policy:* A Guide for Organisations which Work with Children. This guide emphasizes the importance of creating a safe culture where staff feel empowered to speak up early, preventing issues from escalating. Our policy focuses on fostering an open environment where low-level concerns are addressed appropriately, with a commitment to protecting both staff and students.

5.3 Record keeping

All low-level concerns will be recorded in writing. In addition to details of the concern raised, records will include the context in which the concern arose, any action taken and the rationale for decisions and action taken.

Records will be:

• Kept confidential, held securely and comply with the data protection legislation.

Reviewed so that potential patterns of concerning, problematic or inappropriate behaviour can be identified. Where a pattern of such behaviour is identified, we will decide on a course of action, either



through our disciplinary procedures or, where a pattern of behaviour moves from a concern to meeting the harms threshold as described in section 1 of this appendix.

• Retained at least until the individual leaves employment at the school.

Where a low-level concern relates to a supply teacher or contractor, we will notify the individual's employer, so any potential patterns of inappropriate behaviour can be identified.

5.4 References

We will not include low-level concerns in references unless:

- The concern (or group of concerns) has met the threshold for referral to the RHoS and is found to be substantiated; and/or
- The concern (or group of concerns) relates to issues which would ordinarily be included in a reference, such as misconduct or poor performance.